

All the News  
Each Week

# The Chinook Advance

INDUSTRY AND  
PROSPERITY

Vol VII, No 52

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, September 22, 1921

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Through trifling economies, you can accumulate one thousand dollars in a few years.

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Cereal Branch

W. A. Cruickshank, Manager  
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Two car load of large sized Willow posts just arrived. When you are in the Town leave your requirements with us for any Building Material you may need.

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R. W. HAMON, manager  
Chinook, Alberta

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We always have a  
Full Stock of Fresh Groceries  
And our prices are reasonable.

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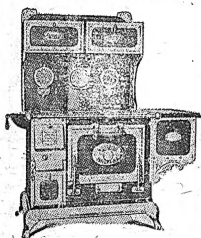
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Headers and Binders. Also New header attachment for  
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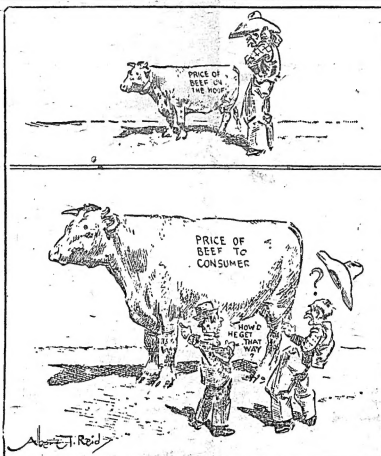
## Columbia Ranges



We consider this the best Range on the market for the money. It has all plain metal trimmings, no place for dirt, dust or grease to lodge. Extra large firepot, fireback in three sections to allow for expansion and contraction. Ten grillon copper reservoir. The oven is large and heated on five sides which insures an even temperature. Thermometer in oven door. See this Range and convince yourself of its advantages over other Ranges.

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



You would hardly know it for the same animal.  
—Reid in New York Evening Mail.

## Sunday School Rally Day, Sept. 25

All Parents Invited

Next Sunday, Sept. 25, will be Sunday School Rally Day, when all the parents of the children attending the Sunday school are invited to be present. The teachers and officers are arranging for a special programme on that date at which some of the children will take part. The purpose of the Rally Day Service is to visualize before the parents the importance of the Sunday School work and programme, and therefore it is important that every parent turn out on this day and show your appreciation of the work done by the teachers in the training of your children. During the afternoon the Rev. Mr. Kettys will give an address on the training of young folks, while special singing will be rendered by the children. Next Sunday at 3 o'clock.

## Funeral of the Late Dr. L. W. Rosenkrans

At the request of the relatives, the body of the late Dr. L. W. Rosenkrans which has been in the mortuary at Saskatoon since his death, was buried at the Chinook cemetery last Tuesday afternoon. A large number of the citizens of Chinook and surrounding district gathered at the Church to pay their last respects to our late Doctor. The community feels that in his death it has lost one of its very best servants—one who served for the love of service. From the church the funeral procession made its slow way to the Chinook Cemetery, where the body was laid to rest.

The following citizens acted as pall bearers: Councillors Thos. Gilbertson, H. Meade and S. H. Smith, and J. L. Carter, C. Wylie and J. R. Miller.

Mr. R. S. Woodruff was a visitor in Calgary this week.

## Personalities

The weekly series of ladies card parties which were discontinued during the summer months were resumed last week.

Constable G. C. Cruickshank, of the R.C.M.P., is in Calgary this week on business.

Mr. J. A. Smith, High School Inspector, Calgary, was at the Chinook school last Thursday.

A very enjoyable dance was held in the Arm's hall last Thursday night when a fairly good number were present. It is thought that from now on there will be a dance held every month during the winter.

A Community flour mill, equipped with the most modern machinery, is being built at Oyen.

The office of the Soldiers Settlement Board is now located at Chinook, with Mr. J. A. Steele in charge.

Mr. Robert Dillon, of Vancouver, is in this district renewing old acquaintances.

Miss Reist, Miss Ethridge, Mr. Belden and Mr. Yake were in Youngstown last Saturday attending a teacher's meeting. The purpose of the meeting was to make arrangements for the teachers' convention which is to be held in Youngstown next month.

Sewing done by the day or at home. Remodeling men's and ladies coats a specialty. Prices right. Apply to Mrs. A. M. Forest, Chinook.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Miller celebrated the tenth anniversary of their wedding last Tuesday evening, when they entertained a number of their friends.

Bro. S. G. Watts, D.D.G.M., of Hanna, paid an official visit to the Crocus Lodge on Wednesday evening. After the Lodge meeting Bro. Watts was entertained by the members at a duck supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Niven, of Hanna, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. S. H. Smith.

## United Grain Growers Ltd.

Dealers in Wheat, Oats, Rye and Flax

All kinds Machinery, Lumber, Building Supplies, Flour, Bran and Shorts, Twine, Salt, Apples, Hay, etc.

Get our prices before buying. Special prices on Car Lots

C. W. RIDEOUT,  
AGENT CHINOOK.

## Chiropractic

## L. P. Leavitt, D.C.

Graduate of Palmer School  
Of Chiropractic.

Chiropractic Spinal Adjustments will remove  
Cause of DISEASE

Office Open from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Every Day.  
Examinations FREE.

CHINOOK

ALTA.

## SWEATERS

Everybody is talking about our Sweaters. Have you secured yours yet? They are all pure wool made by Ballantyne, which speaks for itself. They are going fast, so get yours early. We have Ladies, Men's Girl's and Boy's in all sizes and colors. Also a large assortment of Toques, Scarfs.

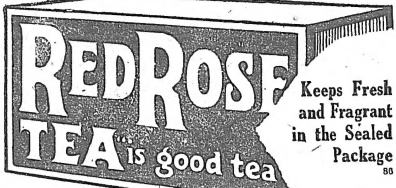
We are Sole Agents for  
Stanfield's Underwear in Chinook  
Quality is better than ever, and prices are away down. Everybody knows Stanfield's Underwear is the best in Canada. Buy yours here and get the best.

## Groceries

We have the best quality at the lowest prices. Increasing business every day assures us that our prices must be lowest in town. Bring your lists here, compare our prices and convince yourselves.

J. M. Montgomery

"The Store that Saves You Money"



## The Mistake Of Hoarding

Canada, like all countries of the first class, has journals and publications whose business it is to reflect and promote the special and particular interests of certain classes and institutions. There are trade journals devoted to the interests of almost every conceivable line; financial papers dealing with banking, insurance, loan, trust and mortgage corporations; papers promoting the welfare of the vast and all-important industry of agriculture and stock-raising; labor publications championing the cause and recording the activities of organized labor; purely political monthlies maintained to advance the cause of this or that party; religious or political principle; journals and magazines maintained by churches and philanthropic and social service organizations; and straight out and newspapers.

All these many publications are legitimate, praiseworthy and play an important and proper part in the life of a country like Canada providing they are straightforward and honest. The paper in which this article appears is, however, first, last and always a home paper devoted to recording the news, activities and upholding the interests of the people in the local community in which it circulates. It does not seek to serve any particular group, but the whole people of its own community and thereby help to advance the welfare of all. It does not profess to attempt to right the wrongs of the world nor to solve the gigantic problems of the present day, except in so far as the encouragement of sound, commonsense action by the ordinary everyday citizen helps in these directions. It is for this reason that so many of the articles appearing in this column are addressed to the individual occupying a small and perhaps inconspicuous place in the national life, but nevertheless one of the really great and influential factors making for national stability and progress—in fact, the basic, the greatest factor of all.

In common with all countries today, Canada is suffering, although not to the same extent as most lands, from a business depression resulting in tight money, a slackening in industry, high freight rates and high prices generally for commodities and a serious lack of employment for thousands willing and anxious to work. Governments, great corporations, captains of finance and industry, all have a tremendous responsibility during such a time as the present. Everybody recognizes this and the average citizen probably expects too much of them and demands that the impossible be done in an effort to right matters. But what is not so well recognized and appreciated is that each individual citizen can in a small way do much to improve conditions, and if all individuals, or a large majority of them, discharged their small duties in the effort in the aggregate would be greater than anything Governments or corporations can do, and would make action possible by them which they are now powerless to take.

Take, for example, one present adverse condition—tight money. Hundreds of millions are required for national purposes and scores of millions more for financing the purchase and marketing of this year's crops, not to speak of the enormous sums necessary to keep the wheels of industry revolving in the present depressed state of business in order to prevent an actual shutdown in many directions. Can the average man do anything to relieve the money market? Of course he can, if he only will, but fear, selfishness and ignorance so frequently prevents him from doing so.

It is well, therefore, that every man should appreciate certain simple truths which are real economic facts. The business of the world is carried on on credit. In order that credit may be established and provided it is necessary that there be something substantial back of it. For this reason Governments and all banks and financial institutions maintain reserves in gold or liquid securities. It is a well known fact that a dollar deposited in a Bank serves as a source of credit for many times that amount. It is stated on reputable authority that a dollar deposited in a Bank provided anywhere from five to ten dollars of credit for the carrying on of business.

Yet there are many people who, through fear, selfishness or ignorance, keep money in varying amounts in the house from year's end to year's end. They not only run the risk of loss through theft or fire, and lose the interest which their money on deposit would earn for them, but through the mistake of hoarding they are depriving the community of the incalculable benefits of the credit which their money placed in a recognized Bank would provide for the benefit of all, themselves included, because in our complex twentieth century civilization no man can live to himself alone and general adverse conditions affect him as well as all others.

A writer in an Ohio farm journal estimates that at least \$500,000 in that state alone is hoarded away in homes which, if placed on deposit in Banks, would serve as a source of credit for from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000 and go a long way towards relieving the present critical situation. This writer points out that, aside from the protection afforded against loss by theft or fire, the biggest reason why all surplus money should find its way into the Banks as promptly as possible is that the Banks are the credit factories, and the raw material of the credit which they manufacture is hard cash, and it is hard cash which the country needs at the present time. Moral: Don't hoard your money but put it to work for yourself, your community and your country by placing it on deposit.

## Valuable Specimens Found in Alberta

Rare Dinosaur Estimated to be 3,000,000 Years Old.

Discovery of a rare and valuable specimen of a carnivorous dinosaur, which became extinct, according to conservative estimates, 3,000,000 years ago was recently made by Dr. J. A. Allen, a member of the University of Alberta, who is in charge of the paleontological field party, operating on Sand Creek, eight miles northeast of Patricia, Alta.

Much difficulty is being experienced in collecting the specimen, with a great many tons of rock to be removed. Only about half of the skeleton has been unearthed up to the present time. Work is being continued. The tail has not been located as yet. The skull is in a fine state of preservation and one lower jaw has been removed from the rocks. It is 34 inches long, armed with teeth about two or three inches in height. Many bones of the body have been removed and packed for shipment to the university. Dynamite has been used to remove the rock which was over the skeleton and the large sections have had to be hauled to the prairie level, some 200 feet up over a narrow trail.

The carnivorous dinosaur was a

formidable beast, about 25 feet long and was a biped. It ran or walked upon the long powerful hind legs, while the fore legs were very short.

## Plot To Overthrow Soviet

Conspiracy Carried On Under Cloak Of Famine Relief.

Revelations at Moscow following the arrest of members of the Russian famine relief committee, are said to prove the committee was plotting to overthrow the Soviet Government under the cloak of carrying on relief work, says a dispatch to the London Daily Herald from the Russian capital. An extraordinary commission is said to have discovered letters showing the conspiracy was widespread. One of those is said to have outlined a scheme for reorganizing Russia under a supreme ruler with a federal, dual regional, and parish division, and local governors.

Belgium is already supplying France with coal and Great Britain with glass.

France is planning an air force consisting of 140 battle squadrons and 80 observation squadrons.

The Smith family numbers 14,000, 600 members throughout the world.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

## Canadian Flour in Venezuela

Venezuelan bakers will use Canadian flour when the price drops to that quoted on American flour is stated in a communication issued by the Dominion Department of Trade and Commerce, and based upon a report from H. A. Chisholm, Canadian Trade Commissioner in Venezuela. The bakers of the South American Republic express the opinion that Canadian flour is of a very superior quality.

## A CORDIAL INVITATION TO DISEASE

This is an apt description of Constipation. It's an unnatural condition to begin with—but it's dangerous because it leads to indigestion, fills the system with poisons, brings on unsoundness. You don't want to live, you don't want to weaken the system by a harsh gripping medicine—what you need is mild natural stimulant to the bowels. You'll just what you need in Dr. Hamilton's Pills which tone up the liver, restore the bowels to perfect action, and positively end constipation. You'll feel tip top after regulating your system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Good for young and old—real family medicine, 25¢ all dealers or The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

## China Will Refuse Japan's Proposals

Claim That Award of Shantung Was Illegal.

China will refuse to entertain Japan's proposals relative to settlement of the Shantung controversy if it is shared by a person in the confidence of the administration. She will back her action on the ground that the award was illegal and that Japan has no right to the privileges in Shantung which were conferred by concession upon Germany and which were turned over to Japan at the peace conference.

## WHEN BABY IS ILL

When the baby is ill; when he cries a great deal and no amount of attention or petting makes him happy, Baby's Own Tablets should be given him without delay. The Tablets are a mild but thorough active which regulate the bowels, soothe the stomach and thus drive out constipation and indigestion; break the teething and simple fevers, make "teething" easy. Concerning Mrs. Desire Therberge, Trois Pistols, Quebec, writes: "I will say satisfied with my use of Baby's Own Tablets. I have found them of great benefit to my baby when he was suffering from constipation and I can strongly recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25¢ a box from The Little Wilmings Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Wheat Via Panama

It is predicted that the movement of Canadian wheat to Europe via the Port of Vancouver and the Panama Canal will be at least forty cargoes during the winter season of 1921-22.

## Burn the Future.

Every good citizen should know what forests mean to Canada, to his province, and to his very home; and that every fire that burns in the forests is a detriment to the progress of civilization. Every boy and girl should have instilled into their minds the untold damage that may result from carelessness with fire in the woods. In destroying the forests we are not only damaging the present, but are literally burning up the future.

Rural Route No. 1, Macouche, Que. The Herald's Friend writes: "I feel that I should be doing a wrong if I neglected to write you. I have had four times as many swarms on my head for years. I had them cut off by a surgeon about fifteen years ago, but they grew again. Last month, about three months ago I had one as large and shaped like a lady's thumb on the very place where my hair should be parted, and it was getting so embarrassing in public that it was a constant worry to me. About three months ago I got a bottle of your liniment for another purpose and saw on the label word for 'tinea'. Well I tried it and kept it for exactly two months with the result that the tinea was removed all trace of the tumor, and were it not that they had been cut fifteen years ago, no work would be seen. I have not been asked for this testimonial and you can use it as you like."

(Signed) FRED C. ROBINSON, P.S., an old farmer and general joiner, and am hoping for some of your liniment.

On dark nights a white light can be seen further than any other, but on light nights red takes the first place.

Even if the wind does whistle occasionally, it never tackles popular affairs.

Miller's Worm Powders are the medicine for children who are found suffering from the ravages of worms. They immediately alter the stomachic conditions under which the worms subsist and drive them from the system, and, at the same time, they are tonic in their effect upon the digestive organs, restoring them to normal operation and ensuring immunity from further disorders from such a cause.

W. N. U. 1386

## Capitalizing The Home

BY LORETTA C. LYNCH  
An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

In a small town in the Middle West when the husband and father built a town home for the erstwhile family he decided it should be the best in town. The rooms were large. During the war, when every woman was sewing for the Red Cross, Mrs. Turner accommodated as many as one hundred when she rolled back the doors and made one large room of the dining room and drawing room. Then the day came when a lawyer announced to Widow Turner that the home, free and clear and in her own name, was all she had left. Mrs. Turner decided to capitalize it.

There were several organizations in that town, social, political and philanthropic. There was no town hall, no meeting place, and so it was necessary to meet at the homes of members.

Mrs. Turner offered to rent her larger parlor for an afternoon or an evening for fifteen dollars. This included light, heat and comfortable chairs, as well as the generally pleasant atmosphere.

She started club to avail itself of Mrs. Turner's large room was a ladies' card club. There were fifty women. The committee, when engaging the parlor, asked Mrs. Turner if she could provide some light refreshments for a stated sum. This was her beginning. She charged fifty cents apiece for home-made cakes and some dainty confection with whipped cream.

When the students of the graduating class in the Local High School wanted to have a dance it took Mrs. Turner but a moment to take the rugs from the hardwood floor and remove excess furniture. The parents called the students were in excellent surroundings. Later a dancing teacher engaged the large room for her morning classes.

When a man's club engaged the quarters Mrs. Turner arranged ash trays and other little conveniences, and during the winter she served to one club of them the best Welsh rarebit they said they ever tasted. She watched every opportunity to capitalize her home. For instance, many girls who worked in town lived an hour's journey out in the country. When they wished to stay in town to go to the theatre many brought their pretty frocks into town in the morning. For a small fee they could use Mrs. Turner's home to make their evening frocks before going out.

So, if you are a woman suddenly thrown upon your own resources, try in every way to capitalize your home or your home-making abilities before you decide to cast your lot with the great army of folks who are specially trained for work "outside."

## On The Marriage Day

Romance usually ceases, and history begins, and rose petals begin to go when "Putnam's" is applied. It takes out corns, roots, branches, stems—no trace of a single corn left when Putnam's Painless Corn Extract has done its work, 25¢ at all dealers. Refuse a substitute.

## New Planes For London-Paris Service

Will Carry Passengers From Centre Of Cities.

Experiments will shortly be made with a view of organizing a Paris-London air service with amphibious machines which will be able to carry passengers from the centre of one city to the centre of the other.

Convenient points will be chosen in the Thames and the Seine where the machines will alight on the river. The machines will be so built that they can also, if necessary, land at aerodromes and other convenient points in case of engine trouble.

The advantage of this means of transportation will be to shorten considerably the time now necessary in order to travel by air. The aerodromes are far from the centre of the cities, and much time is lost by automobile transport to starting points and from landing places. It will also be possible to reduce the price of the journey owing to this suppression of its automobile section.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

Saying It With Clocks.

Speaker—"And in conclusion, I ask you to give to your utmost capacity to the sisters for the fund to buy alarm clocks to send out to Uganda to combat the frightful sleeping sickness which reigns there."—Kajikuren (Christiana).

Mighty few people will steal so long as they can borrow.

## Well Known Farmer Declares He Only Had Bare Fighting Chance

"When I began taking Tanlac it looked like I only had a bare fighting chance for life, but it put me on my feet feeling as fine as any man could want to feel," said William Padfield, well-known farmer living at Kipling, Sask.

"I was so emaciated that I only weighed 120 pounds when I started taking Tanlac, and was so weak I was almost in a state of collapse. I could not get any good out of the little I ate, as my stomach was in such an awful condition that even the lightest food soured and caused me misery."

"It was lucky for me that I took the advice of a friend who told me about Tanlac. It could not have done better if it had been made especially for my case, as it took hold of me right from the start and fixed me up so I could eat anything."

"Never in my life have I seen anything to equal the way I have gained in weight. I now weigh 185 pounds, have my strength back, and I can honestly say that I never felt better in my life or had more energy. Tanlac certainly does the work."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

## News To Many

United States Has No Organization For Harvest Help.

More than 30,000 farm hands came to the west from Toronto and the east to Manitoba and Saskatchewan to work a month at \$4 a day. They were clean-cut, intelligent young fellows, full of pep and ambition, and many of them will remain in the west as permanent developers. They were recruited by Dominion agencies in the east and all arrangements, including transport, were organized and managed by the government. This great movement of unskilled labor to meet the widespread, hurry-up demand of the harvest is in strong contrast to the fit or miss methods employed in the States—Minnesota News.

Yucca grows on rock soil and the plants obtain their chief sustenance from the atmosphere.

It Bids Pain Begone.—When neuritis racks the nerves or lumbago cripples the back is the time to test the virtues of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Well rubbed in it will still the pain and produce a sensation of ease and rest. A trial of it will establish faith in it.

## Health Unchanged For 3,000 Years

Conditions No Better In Spite Of Scientific Progress.

With all the world's scientific progress, health conditions today are neither better nor worse than they were 3,000 years ago, according to Dr. Robert Jaures, who has just published the results of an examination of numerous Egyptian mummies that were buried along the Nile.

Not only were there then existent diseases that are now attributed to microbes, but also there were malformations, Potts disease, rickets and flat feet, as well as corns and bunions.

In some of the bodies, Dr. Jaures found distinct evidence of tubercular lesions in lungs, while microscopic examinations of hardened tissues revealed cirrhosis of the liver, abscesses and gall stones.

Not the least interesting discovery by Dr. Jaures was the fact that the ancient Egyptians were more sophisticated than the people of today, as was indicated by the fact that out of a thousand mummies examined, not a single case of fracture of the foot or leg was found.

In ancient days crows were employed as letter-bearers.

A man aged 41 may count on living until 67, according to statistics.

## PIPE OR PIPELESS HECLA MELLOWAIR FURNACE

The HECLA heating plant is the simplest because it hasn't an unnecessary part—that's why it saves so much fuel.

Send this Coupon for Free Facts TO-NIGHT

CLARE BROS. WESTERN, LIMITED - WINNIPEG

Send me, free, all particulars about HECLA (Pipe or Pipeless) Furnace.

Name Address

23

The tea with the flavor that suggests a second cup. Gold Standard Tea. Try the Blue Label. The Godville Co. Limited.



## League of Nations May Be Increased To Fifty Members

Geneva.—The membership of the League of Nations will be increased to 50, if the assembly adopts the recommendation of the political committee, which decided to approve the admission of Latvia and Estonia. The applications of Lithuania and Hungary were put over, the committee deciding to await M. Hymans' report on the efforts to settle the Vilna dispute before acting on Lithuania. Hungary's application will not come up again until later.

The political committee also decided to recommend to the Supreme Council the inclusion in the eventual peace treaties with Turkey of a clause safeguarding the interests of Armenia.

The preponderance of the British and French on the secretariat and the labor bureau is being severely criticized by the representatives of the smaller states.

### Grain Exchange

#### Appoints New Head

Retiring President Says Producers Should Understand Marketing Methods.

Winnipeg.—C. H. Leaman was formally elected president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, succeeding Norman L. Leach, retired, at the annual meeting. J. B. Craig and Dr. Robert Magill, vice-president and secretary-treasurer, respectively, who were elected by acclamation along with Mr. Leaman at the nomination meeting were also installed in office.

A resume of the past year's work in the grain trade, with suggestions for the general improvement of the trade was the feature of the retiring president's address, which stated: "There is today a wider and keener interest in grain marketing methods and systems; there are many criticisms of these methods. They should be more clearly understood by the producer, the business and general community at large, and I submit to you the suggestion of co-operation with and education of your trade your customers and the general public toward that end."

### Will Support Housing Scheme

Alberta Premier Says Province Willing To Give Help.

Edmonton.—Mayors Duggan, Edmonton, and Adams, of Calgary, met Premier Greenfield to discuss the question of the Alberta cities obtaining aid from the Dominion housing scheme for the purpose of providing relief for unemployed.

Premier Greenfield gave assurance that as soon as proper evidence was produced to the effect that there was a real demand for houses in the cities, then the province would support the scheme and give security for the loans obtained.

### Turks Must Surrender Plotters

Constantinople.—Allied authorities here have invited the Turkish Government to surrender the men involved in the revolutionary plot, discovery of which was announced recently. These persons must be turned over to the allies within a week or the government will be held responsible. The conspirators will be tried by an allied court martial.

### Visit Canada In 1924

London.—The visit of the British Association for the Advancement of Science to Canada is likely to be in 1924, as preliminary arrangements have been made for this. Next year's meeting will take place in Hull and the next in Liverpool.

### Heavy Grain Shipment From West

Winnipeg.—Approximately 16,000,000 bushels of grain have been billed over the Canadian National Railway from western points to Sept. 14. This is more grain than was loaded up to October 4, last year, it is stated.

### Asks Help For Russians

London.—Dr. Nansen has issued an appeal in behalf of stricken Russia, addressed to the people of the Imperial British Commonwealth "to subscribe generously to the national fund organized by the British famine relief committee." Dr. Nansen declares that if the financial problem be adequately and promptly solved, "the bulk of the stricken people may yet be saved."

W. N. U. 1386

## Cattle Should Go To British Market

New Westminster, B.C.—"We must build up trade within the Empire," declared Hon. S. F. Tolmie, Minister of Agriculture, at a recent gathering of farmers from the Fraser Valley. "There are 68,000 cattle ready today," he continued, "according to reports of our department, and every head should go to the British market." It was proposed to give more support to Experimental Farms and agricultural education generally, he said.

## Trial Shipment Proves Failure

Alberta Government Lost On Shipment of Beef Cattle.

Edmonton, Alta.—The trial shipment of fat beef cattle that was sent to Scotland in June by the provincial department of agriculture, resulted in a net loss to the government. They show an average cost per head of \$303, with an average return of \$188.88. There were thirty-six head of export steers in the shipment. The animals were shipped to Glasgow and were there sold at the public market for immediate slaughter.

When the steers left Edmonton they stood at a cost to the government of \$168.17 per animal, and the transportation charges, Edmonton to Glasgow, were \$100.12 per animal. Added to this cost were the expenses of the attendant, bank charges and other overhead expenses, bringing the total cost per head to \$302.07. Records kept en route show that there was practically no shrinkage in any of the animals. The sales in the Glasgow markets showed that the smaller heavyweight steers of good type and breeding, ranging from 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, were most in demand, the heavier fat steers not meeting with ready sale for the summer trade.

## Serious Fire In Refining Shop

Terrific Explosion Drenched Men With Flaming Oil.

Philadelphia.—Ten men were killed and more than a score injured, several of whom are expected to die, in the second serious fire to visit the big Point Breeze plant of the Atlantic Refining Company in a month. Three more men are reported missing and may have been burned to death beneath flaming tanks of petroleum.

The fire was preceded by a terrific explosion which drenched workmen with flaming oil before they could leap to safety, killing several instantly. Others employed further back from the tank were sprayed with the scalding petroleum and painfully injured. Prompt action by the company's organized rescue squads saved the death list from mounting higher, witnesses declared.

## Dominions Should Attend

Northcliffe's Opinion on Disarmament Conference.

Melbourne, Australia.—Referring to the approaching disarmament conference at Washington, Lord Northcliffe, who now is touring Australia, said in a speech at a civic reception, it was unthinkable Australia and New Zealand should be totally unrepresented at a conference which might decide their fate. Nations would be represented at that conference which, as compared with Australia, were not interested in the Pacific, he added.

## Pussfoot In Australia

London.—A Renter cable from Adelaide, South Australia, announces the arrival there of Pussfoot Johnson. Johnson says the United States will remain dry and that England will be dry by 1930.

## WESTERN EDITORS



H. A. Heddeshimer, Publisher of the Enterprise, Conquest, Sask.

## British Dirigible

### May Replace ZR-2

U.S. Government Wants to Obtain Former German Zeppelin.

London.—Reports that the United States and British Governments may arrange for the transfer of one of Great Britain's remaining airships to United States ownership to replace the wrecked ZR-2, have received some credence in United States official circles here where it is stated the United States Government, some time prior to contracting for the ZR-2 considered the desirability of obtaining one of the former German Zeppelins for experimental and instructional purposes.

When these German air fighters were turned over to the allies, Italy, France and Britain received one each and America none. Great Britain's Zeppelin, the L-71 is the largest rigid airship in existence now that the ZR-2 is gone. Her cubic capacity is 2,420,000 feet or 380,000 feet less than the ZR-2. The length of the L-71 is 543 feet as against 695 feet for the ZR-2.

## Chinese Canadian

### Trade Increases

Net Increase of 840 Per Cent. in Five Years.

Hamilton, Ont.—China and Canada have much in common and their trade relationship is growing substantially every year, declared W. Y. Kwan, chairman of the Chinese Railway Commission to members of the Kinsmen's Club. He emphasized that in 1918, the last year in which statistics were available, China had imported and exported goods from and to Canada valued at more than \$17,000,000, which when compared with 1913 figures showed a net increase of 840 per cent.

## Will Recatalogue

### All In France

Police Chief Orders Every Thumb Print Registered.

Paris.—The entire French nation, as well as all foreigners residing in France, will be recatalogued and compelled to register their thumb prints, according to the latest regulation of Police Chief Leullier.

Identification of crime suspects and the detection of criminals is expected to be made easier under the new system.

By making your purchases from your home merchant you are contributing direct to the prosperity of the community in which you live.

## Alberta Government Anxious To Develop More Coal Markets

### U. S. Boats Cannot Unload Without Permit

Railways Will Control Movement of American Grain.

Montreal, Que.—In order to prevent the harbor of Montreal becoming choked with American grain, to the detriment of Canadian shippers, both the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways have decided to control the movement by applying the permit system to American grain coming to Georgian Bay ports for transport to Montreal. In future, no boat can come from American lake ports to Port McNicoll or Tiffin, Ont., without a permit to unload.

American grain has constituted about 40 per cent. of the total shipments from the port of Montreal this season of navigation. At the beginning of the season it was all Canadian, and at the present time is about 60 per cent. American and 40 per cent. Canadian. The proportion of Canadian grain, however, will be larger with the arrival of the new crop.

## Italy Has Good Harvest

Crop Expected to Reach Pre-War Productiveness.

Rome.—Italy's harvest this year will reach its pre-war productiveness, according to the government crop forecasts. The total harvest anticipated will reach 51,200,000 quintals (of about 220 pounds each) comprising all kinds of grain.

The average pre-war crop was calculated at 48,000,000 quintals. During the war, production decreased to 38,000,000 quintals.

The present year's crop is also distinguished by the fact that it lacks but 6,000,000 in equalling the record grain crop of Italy, which was in 1913, when it reached nearly 58,000,000 quintals.

## Work For Unemployed

### In Fort William

Foundry Company Is To Receive Order For Repairing.

Fort William, Ont.—The Fort William Car and Foundry Company is to receive an order for repairing 1,500 government cars, according to a telegram received here from Dr. R. J. Manion, M.P.

An additional 1,000 feet of breakwater is to be added to the Mission breakwater, work to start immediately. This means that the unemployment here will be greatly alleviated.

## Canadian Importer Reaches Victoria

Victoria, B.C.—Emerging like a specter from the fog-bound Pacific after having been virtually given up for lost the derelict Canadian Government steamship Canadian Importer, with a six degree list, groggy but still waterborne, cheated the ocean of its expected prey and defiantly limped into port with her crew of undaunted British seamen still at their posts of duty.

## Disagree Over Wages

St. Catherine's, Ont.—After ten hours' conference the contractors and union men engaged on the Welland Ship Canal have agreed to disagree on the question of wages and other points at issue and it is now up to the government to decide.

Edmonton.—Representing the mineral industry in the entire western provinces, 75 delegates were in attendance when the opening of the third annual western convention of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy was called to order by the chairman, O. E. S. Whiteside, of Coleman. Mayor G. M. Duggan, briefly addressed the visiting delegates, welcoming them to Edmonton on behalf of the city.

The Provincial Government was represented by Premier Greenfield, who spoke on the research work of the government in the matter of the mineral industry.

"The government is endeavoring to develop more markets for Alberta coal," declared Premier Greenfield, "but we have met with one difficulty and that is the grading of coal."

The Premier deplored the lack of uniformity in the grading of coal, and stated that it had proved a hindrance in the marketing of the product. "We are advertising, making demonstrations and continuing the research work," he said, "and I would like to suggest co-operation with the government as well as advise you that the uniform system of grading coal is a necessity."

Premier Greenfield gave an account of his trip into the north country, and said he was deeply impressed and encouraged by his observations of conditions. The government test hole in the McMurray township where the mining of salt is being investigated by the research branch, was also mentioned by the Premier. "The government is thoroughly aware of the importance of the mineral industries in the province," he said.

The approach of the winter season and its effect of the unemployment situation in the province was touched upon by Mr. Greenfield. "I am opposed to soup kitchens and that form of relief," he said, "and would like to ask you to employ during the winter months, if possible, as much extra help as you can."

## August Showed

### Decline In Trade

Exports of Agricultural Products Decrease Ten Million Dollars.

Ottawa.—A sharp decline in Canadian trade for the month of August, 1921, as compared with August, 1920, was recorded in the summary of Canadian trade issued by the department of customs. Total Canadian trade for August, 1921, amounted to \$127,510,299, as compared with \$238,085,409, for August, 1920. For the five months of the fiscal year closing with August 31, the total merchandise exports and imports were \$1,221,602,315; 1921, \$1,063,553,170, a reduction of \$161,038,132.

During August, 1921, imports entered for home consumption had a total value of \$65,147,301, as compared with \$124,318,014, a reduction of \$59,170,713. For the five months ending August 31, the total merchandise consumption was valued at \$139,009,764, as compared with \$297,890,603 in 1920. In August, 1920, domestic merchandise export had a total value of \$112,278,064, as compared with \$61,485,993 for August, 1921.

## Approve Relief Measures

St. Vincent Will Help Poor Who Lost Crops In Flood.

St. Vincent, Windward Islands.—Expenditures for the relief of the poor who lost food crops and houses in the great storm which swept over St. Vincent have been approved by the legislature. The storm damage on the neighboring island of Grenada is placed at a moderate estimate at \$500,000. Nutmeg and cocoa plantations which were ruined will require at least seven years for re-establishment.

## Chicago Builders Return to Work

Chicago.—Facing the possibility of an onerous shop in the Chicago building industry, and spurred to action by refusal of Judge Landis, arbiter, to grant a wage decision relating until they are at work, union men in the building industry here were coming back to work in large numbers.

## Fire Destroys Lumber

Stewiacke, N.S.—One million feet of lumber were destroyed here by a fire which broke out in one of eight lumber piles. The lumber was piled near the railway tracks and all Canadian Pacific telegraph poles in the vicinity were burned and the wires put out of commission.



## Less Troublesome Adjustments

As a rule the adjustment you get on a defective tire, doesn't quite satisfy you. Mainly, we suppose, because we are all human and want a little more than we are entitled to.

But even our most private opinions on the fairness of an adjustment, can find no fault with the method of settling claims on Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes."

You are always right with ourselves and the manufacturer. We personally look after your interests. There is no needless red-tape, delay or argument in facing our measure of responsibility and your compensation. Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" are guaranteed against any defect in material or workmanship without time or mileage limit. They are adjusted on that basis without quibble or evasion.

Come to us for

**AMES HOLDEN  
"AUTO-SHOES"**

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

**Service Garage**

CHINOOK, Alta. Phone 10



## COAL! COAL!

We have a large pile of coal in our shed. Let us put some in yours?

**Empire Lumber Company Ltd.**

V. O. FOREST, Local Manager

**Chinook, Alta.**

**Why waste time and money looking for lost horses or cattle when an Ad. in the Advance will do that for you.**

## W. W. ISBISTER GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpened

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.

### SMILE STUFF

Where will you reside?" asked the reporter of the young couple. "At the Old Manse" replied the bride. And the item in the local paper read thus—"Mr. Hardup and his bride, formerly Miss Millions, have returned from their honeymoon and will live at the old man's."

Dad was putting up the stove, Pipe fell down from up above. Johnnie standing there said: "Ma, See how nice the pipe soots Pa."

### Then There Was Trouble

The minister was visiting the McDonalds and was asked to stay to dinner. The party sat down, and before commencing his meal the minister bowed his head over his plate to say his grace. Master Eric, seeing this, at once remarked: "It's all right, parson; the meat's quite fresh."

When Adam, in bliss, Asked Eve for a kiss, She puckered her lips with a con; Gave looks so ecstatic, And answered emphatic, "I don't care, Adam, if I do."

## Chinook Advance

Published at Chinook, Alberta every Thursday

Robert Smith,  
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1921

Words are things; and a small drop of ink, falling like dew upon a thought, produces that which makes thousands, perhaps millions, think. —Byron

## Three Great Propositions

The education of the boy and girl to-day, in our humble judgment, received from the public schools, must be based upon the three great propositions—Humanity with all its surroundings: Honesty and Industry. The feeling of humanity that is planted in the heart of a boy or girl by the beneficent rays that come from the teacher, will live for ever; it matters not in what walk in life it may be; whether in the school room, store, farm or profession. The humanitarian ideas that are inculcated in their mind while attending school, remain for ever. If these are based upon the thought that the feelings of a fellowman must be respected, that the ties of kinship and fellowship are among the most beautiful and ennobling that can be planted in the human heart. If the boy and girl can be taught to look higher than the things of this world, then one of the foundation stones upon which education is based, is secure and the future of Canada is safe.

The schools of our Dominion must instill in the minds of every boy and girl the element of honesty; honesty to himself, honesty to his neighbor and honesty to his country.

## Winter Amusement For Young People

The time is fast approaching when the older people of the town will be making arrangements for their own winter amusements in the form of curling, card parties and dances. What about amusements for the young people? Are they to run around just any way and to be left to themselves to find their own amusements? This was the case last year, but we hope something will be done this year in the way of entertaining the young people. We would like to see a movement started to erect a skating rink in the town so that everybody may have an opportunity of enjoying some out door sport during the winter months.

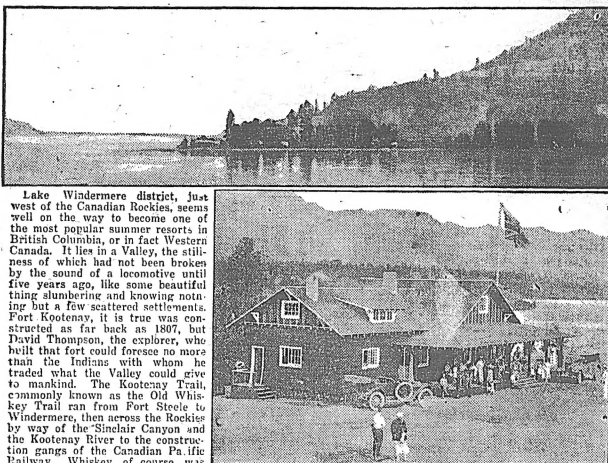
Parcel post insurance will come into effect in Canada on October 1st. Parcels will be insured against loss up to the value of \$100. Fees range from three to thirty cents.

In the three prairie provinces the surveyed area under homesteads, amounts to \$3,913,300 acres. The area now available for entry, including lands reserved for soldiers settlement, is 24,952,300 acres.

The Provincial by-elections for the constitutional returns of the seven cabinet ministers of the U. F. A. government are likely to be held before the end of October.

Pictures featuring "Fatty" Arbuckle, the comedian, will be banned in Alberta, until the trial of the comedian on the charge of manslaughter in San Francisco is concluded.

## LOVELY LAKE WINDERMERE



Lake Windermere, B.C.

Lake Windermere district, just west of the Canadian Rockies, seems well on the way to become one of the most popular summer resorts in British Columbia, or in fact Western Canada. It lies in a Valley, the stillness of which had not been broken by the sound of a locomotive for fifty years ago, like some beautiful thing slumbering and knowing nothing but a few scattered settlements. Fort Kootenay, it is true was constructed as far back as 1807, but David Thompson, the explorer, who built that fort could foresee no more than the Indians with whom he traded what the Valley could give to mankind. The Kootenay Trail, commonly known as the Old Whiskey Trail ran from Fort Steele to Windermere, then across the Rockies by way of the Sinclair Canyon and the Kootenay River to the construction gangs of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Whiskey, of course, was contraband in those days, and the trail resulted in much profit to the bootleggers.

R. Randolph Bruce, C.E., P.R.S.S., of Invermere, saw the possibilities of this highway, he knew it was time the old pony trail should be replaced by a good motor road, and through his efforts in 1906 the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the Government of British Columbia ultimately took the matter up. Work was commenced on the British Columbia end of the motor road in 1911, but the work was done very intermittently owing to lack of funds, and the war. The district is opened sufficiently now to reveal in good roads, and the scenic points of interest can be reached comfortably.

Pending the completion of the Banff-Windermere Road, autos can be shipped by rail between Banff, or Lake Louise to Golden on the Canadian Pacific Railway. From Golden the highway connects with the Columbia Valley Road, via Windermere road. Lake Windermere has much to offer the tourist, and lover of nature, for the country is varied for sports and amusements, and accommodation can be had to suit all tastes, hotel, or camp life if preferred.

Invermere is the station which is the key to this Utopia of the Columbia Valley, a tiny structure which is a toy, and is rather a relief after the noise and bustle of larger ones, and savors of the country. As soon as one alights from the train, and begins to wonder where the town, hotel, or any semblance of civilization is, you are approached by a man who asks if you wish accommodation at the hotel or Lake Windermere Camp, and at the same time he satisfies your curiosity by adding "A drive of a mile must be taken."

Lake Windermere Camp consists of

Lake Windermere, B.C.

of twenty-five bungalow cabins for living purposes, with a central clubhouse for dining, dancing and social recreation. The site of the camp lies along a natural terrace overlooking the lake. The cabins are below the club house on the shore of the lake among the pines. The site is ideal, and it is a pleasant change to have your own little cabin, an artistic affair made of logs and stained wood, instead of the ordinary hotel room.

Looking at Lake Windermere gives one a sense of peace and calm. This valley is miles and miles in length and pastoral in its beauty. The lake stretches out a scintillating sheet of water, situated as few lakes in Canada or the United States. "Beautiful" does not describe it, "grand" and "unique" are adjectives more apt. It is unique in that the pastoral, rugged and magnificent are all combined. Directly from the shores of the lake, undulating slopes, or benches rise, well treed with spruce, pines and fir, open fields are seen here and there along these benches, and some are cultivated. Above rise the hills well timbered and above the hills tower the mountains, as if guarding the quiet pastoral lands below, from intrusion of the outside world. The lake and valley has indeed a perfect setting with the Canadian Rockies to the east, and the equally spectacular Selkirk to the west. The end of the valley in which this lake lies appears closed with the hills and mountains but it is not so, for an exceedingly good motor road runs beside the lake, along Grassmere Lake and by the shores of Columbia Lake, and motor boats as well as cars can ply to Canal Flats at the head of Colum-

Windermere Camp.

bia Lake, and the source of the beautiful Columbia river.

Those who have seen this lake say it is the most superb bit of scenery in the Rockies or Selkirk. It lies not far distant from the town of Invermere, a good auto road goes half way, ponies and pack trains penetrate beyond. Ice caves surpassing those of the Alps are here, beauties which tourists crowd to see, lie practically at the door of the little town of Invermere. The links are on the promontory where the camp is located. The point was called Kath-tow-hah-lait, and by the way it is on the historical site of Fort Kootenay, which was commenced in 1807 by David Thompson, astronomer, and surveyor, of the North West Trading Company. After eight tiers of logs were put together for the warehouse, the project was abandoned on that site and Fort Kootenay was built two miles north in the same year. David Thompson was the first white man in the country, and it was he who discovered the Columbia river. The golf course is nine holes, and surely no course has a more beautiful situation. The fishing is good in many of the lakes in this district, and for game hunting the adjacent country holds out every inducement to those who are keen for this sport.

As said before, this district has everything from Glacial regions, to hot springs. Sinclair Hot Springs has a concrete swimming bath which attracts many on account of the curative properties of its water. Fairmont to the south also has hot springs. The water in Lake Windermere averages about sixty-eight degrees, affording good bathing which is unusual in mountainous regions.

## M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

## GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended to

The Service-Garage is selling plain casings 30 by 3 1/2 at 16.50 Non-Skids at 19.50 and 'Nobby Treads at 20.00. Other sizes of tires and tubes at proportionate prices.

WANTED—To rent section of land 3 quarters under cultivation and at least 150 acres summer fallow. Must have full outfit farm machinery and horses. Apply Chinook Advance Office.

FOR SALE—Chevrolet 4-90 car in good condition. Price \$300. Apply Chinook Advance.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—Red and white Cow, age 6 yrs., will milk all winter and fresh in May. Also Gurnsey Oxford Range. H. C. Elford, 11 miles north of Chinook.

EXCHANGE FOR CATTLE—6 roomed dwelling house and lot in Chinook M. J. Hewitt, Chinook.

FARM Wanted—Experienced farmer desires to rent equipped farm State particulars first letter. Write P. O. Box 6, Chinook.

HOUSE FOR SALE—A five roomed house on Railway Avenue. For price and terms apply to C. W. Rideout, Chinook.

FOR SALE or TRADE—9 Registered Shorthorn Bull calves. Will trade for oats, green-feed, good hay. Also a few cows and heifers. W. A. Todd, Sec. 26-39-7, Chinook

## The Acadia Hotel

First Class Rooms

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## L. E. Ormond, B.A., LL.B.

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## The White Home Restaurant And Bakery

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Tobacco, Candies and Soft Drinks

We Employ White Help.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary

MONEY TO LOAN.

Special attention given to collections

Chinook, Alta.



## Britain Likes Flavor Of Canadian Butter Shipped From Prairies

The butter situation in Canada as a whole is not especially cheerful at the moment, but there are indications that an improvement may be looked for before the turn of the year. At present the stocks in Montreal are exceptionally heavy, particularly as compared with 1920. In 1920 there were in store at Montreal 131,000 boxes of butter; today there are 166,000; and the stocks of cheese are even heavier in proportion, as in 1920 there were on hand 138,000 boxes of cheese, while today there are 233,000. Of the butter held at Montreal there is very little that has been made in Western Canada, as from June the prices were fairly satisfactory and the western creameries sold up very close to their maker; some, in fact, are today oversold, with the result that stocks of creamery held on the prairies were never lighter.

The bulk of the western butter that has been shipped from the prairies has been sent overseas, and reports from Great Britain are to the effect that the quality is very satisfactory on account of the light salting and excellent flavor. This gratifying result is undoubtedly due to the policy which has been adopted in the prairie provinces of a uniform standard government grade and the rapid extension of grading of cream as well as grading of butter.

The dullness of the butter market at the present time, and also the rather depressed feeling of the trade is accounted for in a number of ways. One of the main difficulties with regard to the continuance of shipping Canadian butter over to Britain is the fact that there is still a large amount of government controlled butter on hand. Very recently 7,000 boxes of New Zealand butter arrived in England on one of these old contracts and there was a heavy stock even before this arrival. The butter is not in good condition or of high quality, and at present the trade is in doubt as to what price the government will put on the butter on the market at from time to time. Then another factor, and this is probably more of theory than of actual proof, is that British dealers will not conclude contracts with New Zealand shippers for supplies from that country for the next six months until after the middle of September and that they will not declare a price for Canadian butter until after these contracts are made.

It is quite freely stated that the British Government was compelled to pay more for both Canadian and New Zealand butter last year, but particularly for Canadian, owing to the fact that shipments of New Zealand butter to the Pacific province realized higher prices than Britain expected to pay and the government was obliged to advance to meet this price. This year it is not a case of the government buying but the dealers, and possibly having this in mind they are resolutely holding off from Canadian butter until they have completed contracts with New Zealand. Yet another factor is said to be that there is a very reasonable probability of lower ocean rates in October and that British buyers do not want to commit themselves until they see what these rates will be.

These are probably some of the reasons for the present depression of prices; the outlook, however, would seem to be for an improved demand and slightly better prices later in the season. The very dry season in Denmark is reported to have curtailed the make in that country, and also a considerable portion of the make has not reached British markets but has gone to other markets, and the same is, to some extent, true of Holland. Practically all of Holland's cheese is being consumed in Germany.

So far as the prairie provinces are concerned, the make throughout the season has been satisfactory and the quality has been uniformly high, as is indicated not only by the reports from what has been shipped to Britain but from the standing of western butter at the recent National Exhibition in Toronto, where practically all the important prizes came west.

### Left His Right Hand at Tenerife.

When Nelson returned to England after the glorious victory of the Nile, he landed at Yarmouth. He was a Norfolk man, and the populace, frantic with enthusiasm for their hero, dragged his carriage to the place where he was to be presented with the freedom of the borough. In taking the oath, Nelson placed his left hand upon the book. "My lord," said the town clerk, officiously, "your right hand!" "I left that at Tenerife," said the Admiral quietly.

## Geologist Returns From Fort Norman

Has Taken Observations for Wireless And Made Maps.

After a long season's work in the north country, Dr. D. B. Dowling, Dominion Government geologist, has returned to Edmonton. He was accompanied by his son, Allan Dowling, and E. D. Irwin, the entire party being from Ottawa, to which city they expect to return.

Dr. Dowling proceeded north in the spring to look over operations by parties under the Dominion land survey in the northwest territories, by the astronomical branch of the department of the interior, and by the geological surveys department. The entire territory between Fort Smith and Fort Norman was covered. In this stretch of country practically the entire territory was surveyed, while the astronomical branch made important observations for longitudinal points for wireless.

A map, which is as close as possible to being perfect, was also made by the government party. Buys were set out in chains where the Mackenzie River is dangerous for navigation.

In the opinion of Dr. Dowling, development and drilling in the north country is being greatly impeded owing to the difficulties encountered at Smith, in transporting even the smallest parts of machinery.

## Plan To Make Airplanes Safe

Must Make Best of Bad Situation Sare Absolute Safety.

The claim is made by Professor Barton Scrammell, of Dover, England, of a discovery which will ensure absolute safety in the flight of aeroplanes by obviating the chance of too sudden descent, the secret being the knowledge of the part played in the flight of birds by the feather. A model is being made to explain the process, and also a larger one which will enable one man on a motor cycle to fly from the sea front at Dover all round the harbor and back in perfect safety. Professor Scrammell is being assisted in this matter by Mr. Dellbridge, a member of Sir Ernest Shackleton's last expedition to the South Pole. On the homeward journey Mr. Dellbridge observed an albatross which followed the ship for miles without one single movement of its wings. It is not expected to increase speed or lifting power, although this may be achieved; but it is contended that the discovery will absolutely ensure safety in descent.

## Versailles Treaty Disappoints France

Must Make Best of Bad Situation Says Poincare.

M. Poincare, former president of the Republic, in his fortnightly article in the Revue Des Deux Mondes, says that the Versailles Treaty has caused deep disappointment in France. The chamber shared the responsibility because it ratified the treaty, but it was useless for France to engage in retrospective recriminations, she should try to make the best of a bad situation, which was caused by circumstances rather than by men.

According to M. Poincare, neither Washington nor London is sacrificing national interests in order to consolidate the alliance of the former countries.

"They are English in London and Americans in Washington, and quite rightly; so let us be French in Paris," says the former president.

### Mails to Russia.

Transmission of parcels through the mails to all parts of Russia, has now been resumed, it was announced from the Regina post office recently. Parcels may now be accepted, at the sender's risk, for shipment to all parts of the country, including both Russia and Europe, with the exception of the Ukraine. They will also be sent to Russia in Asia, except to Turkestan, the Maritime provinces, Russia, Amur province, and Russian Saghalien.

### A Youthful Financier.

Lady.—Do you know where Johnny Jones lives?  
Boy.—Yes, but he ain't home. If you give me a nickel I'll find him for you.  
Lady.—All right, here you are. Where is he?  
Boy.—Here. I'm him.

A trousers press heated by electricity is a recent French invention.

## Gas Laden Silos Danger of Asphyxiation If Care Is Not Taken.

A new phase of agricultural life has come this year, with the erection of silos in the province, and a timely warning based on fatalities which have occurred in other parts of the country, may not be amiss.

In Kane County, Illinois, two men lost their lives by going into gas laden silos. The first man went into the partly filled silo. He did not return. The second man went in to see what was wrong, he did not return. The third man went in after the two first, and he was saved, but had a close call. This is sufficient reason for a little warning.

A closed silo that is partly filled and stands even for a few hours is likely to develop a gas heavier than air, which settles at the bottom, and asphyxiates those who venture in it. A safe way to obviate trouble is to lower a lighted lantern down to the ensilage, and if this is snuffed out, good circulation should be provided before anyone is permitted to enter the silo. It may be a nuisance to loosen the doors, take them out and provide circulation of air, but it is the only method to follow.

It would seem that such a warning is not necessary, yet the annual loss of life warrants it. Better be safe than sorry.

## Territory Ceded To Crown

Various Indian Tribes In North Accept Government Bounty.

As a result of the work of the government treaty party, which has been in the northland during the summer, 372,000 square miles of territory has been ceded to the crown, and about 1,900 Indians who hitherto had not been reached, have signified their willingness to accept the government bounty.

H. A. Conroy, Federal Indian agent from Ottawa, went as far north as Fort MacPherson in the Arctic, travelling in a specially constructed house boat. This vessel was pushed by the Hudson Bay Company's gas boat Hubac and the new method of travel was quite satisfactory, states the Indian commissioner.

An escort of three members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police accompanied Mr. Conroy.

## Discovery Modifies Newton Theory

Professor Says Gravitation Subject to Local Modifications.

Prof. Baricelli has made an important scientific discovery which, it is said, largely modifies the Newton and Laplace theories. After long study with his own apparatus Prof. Baricelli discovered that the gravitation of the terrestrial surface was subject to great local modifications, this being partly determined through external causes. Sometimes the modifications were unexpected, such as the relations of the tides. The most important factor in his discovery consists of the electrical influence on gravitation, which may be inverted during a hurricane.

### Canadian Record For Haulage.

A Canadian record for haulage was established when a train re-quearers of a mile long, drawn by two of the largest engines in the service, with 73 cars containing 85,000 bushels of grain, reached Fort William, Ont., recently.

### His Fingers Crossed.

Judge.—Be, careful, sir, or I'll commit you for contempt of court.

Witness.—I've not expressed contempt for the court, my lord. On the contrary, I've carefully concealed my feelings!—London Mail.

## Dreams That Pay

Plumber Made Fortune Out of Wife's Dream Idea.

A London psychoanalyst insists that there is money in dreams and quotes a number of instances to prove his assertion.

A plumber of Bristol once made £10,000 out of a dream idea of his wife's. One night she dreamed that she saw her husband making shot by dropping it from the top of a high tower.

The vision was so vivid that she was convinced it was not a dream, but an inspiration. And next morning she told her husband all about it. The plumber was a practical man and did not believe in dreams. But, urged by his wife, he made a few experiments.

He was surprised to find that he could make excellent small shot by pouring molten lead through a sieve into water from a height. So he took out a patent which he sold for £10,000 and hoped that his wife would dream again.

It was a dream which gave Horace Walpole the idea for his famous romance "The Castle of Otranto." He awoke one morning from a vivid dream which quickly vanished from his memory. "All that he could recollect was a feeling of horror as he stood in the hall of an ancient castle. For as he gazed up the great staircase his suddenly appeared before his eyes a gigantic hand in armor."

So strong was his feeling of awe, even after he awoke, that he began to write without knowledge in the least what he was going to say. He finished the book in two months and it turned out to be a "best seller," running through many editions.

It was in a day dream that, Coleridge composed his wonderful poetic fragment "Kubla Khan." With an old book of travel in his hand he fell asleep in his chair, just after reading the following words: "Here the Khan Kubla commanded a palace to be built, and a stately garden thereunto." He slept for some hours, and in his sleep composed a long poem of mystery. On waking he had a clear recollection of it, and began eagerly to write it down.

He had completed little more than 50 lines when he was called away on business and the rest of the poem passed out of his mind. But the fragment which he succeeded in recording is one of the priceless gems of English poetry. It is not uncommon for poets to compose in their dreams. But these inspirations always are not happy.

## Product of British Columbia

Province Supplied Everything But Hardware For Passenger Vessel.

The Princess Louise of the Canadian Pacific British Columbia Coast Service Line was recently launched at Victoria. She bears the distinction of being the first marine passenger vessel constructed in British Columbia. Her timbers, except for the hardwoods, were grown in the province, and her boilers and other mechanical fittings were made in British Columbia. The efforts of the builders was to make the Princess Louise an "all-British Columbian" product. She is 330 feet over all, and can attain a speed of 17½ knots loaded.

Our slogan for the coming year should be, "Buy at Home." Add to your own and your neighbor's prosperity by keeping the money circulating in our own district.

German guns were recently being destroyed under the peace treaty at a rate of 1,000 a week.

French burglars recently made use of chlorine gas to overcome watch-dogs.

## Experiments Show No Great Advantage From Deep Ploughing

At what depth should land be ploughed is a question that has been asked a great many times and has received a wide variety of answers, but in the end each farmer has worked out a depth to suit himself and his conditions, and has gone on contented. It has been the subject of a number of tillage experiments but many of these have not agreed. Recent experiments tend to show that the depth that perhaps the majority of farmers have accepted as most convenient is after all the best suited to the different crops.

It has been a common practice for many agricultural authorities in Colleges and Experiment Stations to urge deep ploughing and as long as most of the ploughing was done by horses, with the man steering the plough, this advice was probably needed and in any case was not likely to cause the ploughing to be done too deeply. With the advent of the tractor and the mechanically controlled plough another factor is brought to bear upon it. The call of the agricultural expert for deeper ploughing has provided a good selling point for the tractor salesman. It is obviously easier to plough deeply with the tractor power than it is with the more pliable horse. Is there then a danger that the ploughing may be done too deeply to secure the greatest return, considering the crop yields and the extra cost of the deeper ploughing?

In this connection the results of tillage experiments conducted at experiment stations in the United States and published in a recent issue of the Breeders' Gazette may prove a valuable guide. The Utah Experiment Station reports the following average yields of wheat from depth-of-ploughing experiments conducted on four experimental farms during a five-year period of 1904 to 1908, inclusive:

Ploughed 8 inches deep, 23.3, 11.6, 14.7 and 5 bushels per acre.  
Ploughed 10 inches deep, 23.4, 12.0, 15.9 and 5.8 bushels per acre.  
Ploughed 15 inches deep, 16.9, 15.2, 14.8 and 6.8 bushels per acre.  
Ploughed and subsoiled 18 to 20 inches deep, 15.4, 15.2, 16.2 and 6.4 bushels per acre.

The same station reports the following from experiments with wheat on another field. Disked, not ploughed, 20.9; ploughed 5 inches deep, 19.1; ploughed 12 inches deep, 27.7; ploughed 15 inches deep, 27.7 bushels per acre.

The Pennsylvania station after four years' work on depth-of-ploughing experiments found comparing results from ploughing at a depth of 7½ inches and a depth of 15 inches that with barley and corn the results were very slightly (100 lbs. to the acre) in favor of the 7½ inch depth. With oats, wheat and alfalfa the difference was even less but slightly favored the deeper ploughing.

The Ohio station found similar results from a five-year test at the same depth and with nearly the same crops, except that they experimented with a subsoiler, which increased the crops very slightly but not nearly enough to pay for the extra cost. At the Illinois station they made even fuller tests and they reported results as follows:

"We have been conducting ploughing experiments on brown silt loam and on gray silt loam on light clay. The experiments included fall ploughing to a depth of 7 inches with the moldboard plough and up to 14 inches with a deep-drawing machine, and in the spring from depths of 3½ to 7 inches. In none of these experi-

ments has the deeper ploughing shown any marked advantage. So far as we can determine from our present information, it does not pay to plough over 7 inches deep. This seems to apply to all soils and probably to all crops except potatoes."

The results from other experiment stations draw much the same conclusions, and all tend to indicate that land ploughed to a depth of 7 inches will give results at far less cost than will land ploughed at a shallower depth than 7 inches. Much would seem to depend upon the type of soil being worked, the time of year in which the ploughing is done and the crop which is to be grown. The opinions of the U.S. Experiment Station authorities on this matter are summed up by the writer of the article in the following words:

"Fall ploughing should be from 1 inch to 2 inches deeper than spring ploughing. Sandy types of soil should be ploughed shallower than other types of soil. The maximum depths of ploughing recommended range from 5 inches for sandy soil up to 7 and 8 inches for other types of soil," and he adds, "It is evident that the large majority of the investigators favor the fall ploughing of other types of soils than the sands to a depth of approximately 7 inches, which is not strictly in accord with the results of the rather meager experimental data where the depth of ploughing has varied from 4 to 8 inches."

To show the many factors that may influence the depth and alter the results he gives the instance of an Illinois farmer who varied the depth of ploughing according to the year. This man ploughed his land to a depth of 7 inches every three or four years, choosing, if possible, a year favorable to deep ploughing. In the intermediate years he ploughed to a shallower depth as it was less expensive and gave equally good results.

The latter plan, we believe, is the one most commonly followed here, farmers ploughing down to 7 inches for corn and roots and to 4 or 5 inches for the grain crops or on light soils. In the colder sections the frost has a loosening effect upon the soil that should render deep ploughing unnecessary and a variation in the depth prevents a hard bottom from being formed at any point. Then why go to the expense of ploughing deeper?

## Secret Of Success Of Lloyd George

Racial Educator Speaks of Remarkable Qualities of Welsh People.

Dr. Thomas Jesse Jones, formerly specialist on racial education in the United States Bureau of Education, who is now on a holiday in England, in an interview expressed the opinion that the success of Mr. Lloyd George in the responsible negotiations which he had been called upon to conduct between nations was to be explained by the fact that he personified the long experience which the Welsh people have had in dealing with perplexing situations between nations and races.

What his enemies had described as fickleness and irresponsibility were really his ability to understand other men's point of view. Centuries of contact with the English people had enabled the Welsh people to sympathize even with those who differed with themselves. In that respect Mr. Lloyd George had inherited that remarkable quality of his people. Inasmuch as Mr. Lloyd George's success was due to the influence which his race had upon him, it was only just that the Welsh people should claim his success, not as a personal achievement, but as an achievement of the Welsh nation.

## Valuable Book Was Saved Will Be First On Shelves of New Louvain Library.

Not all the 250,000 volumes in the Louvain University library collection were destroyed when the Germans, to their eternal shame, consigned it to the flames as they rushed through Belgium in the early days of the war. This week the foundation stone of the new Louvain Library is to be laid, and when it is completed and ready to receive the thousands of books which have been sent to Louvain from every part of the world, the first book to be placed on its shelves will be one which escaped the common destruction. This is a valuable ancient volume of manuscripts which Professor van der Essen had taken home with him for the purpose of consulting.

Snow either fallen or falling, is a great obstructor of sound.



Premier Lloyd George visited Birmingham and received the freedom of the city. The Premier delivered an important speech chiefly with regard to the revision of the peace treaties.



## Oh, Money! Money!

—BY—  
ELEANOR H. FORTER

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I don't think Mellicent's real heart is affected in the least—she's only eighteen, remember—but her pride is, and her mother—Mrs. Jane—is thoroughly angry as well as mortified. She says Mellicent is every bit as good as those Pennocks, and that the woman who would let a paltry thing like money stand in the way of her son's affections is a pretty small specimen. For her part, she never did have any use for rich folks, anyway, and she is proud and glad that she's poor. I'm afraid Mrs. Jane was very angry when she said that. However, so much for her—and she may change her opinion one of these days.

My private suspicion is that young Pennock's already repentant, and is pulling hard at his mother's leading-strings; for I was with Mellicent the other day when we met the lad face to face on the street. Mellicent smiled and nodded casually, and Pennock—his turned all colors of the rainbow, with terror, pleading, apology, and assumed indifference all chasing each other across his face. Dear, dear, but he was a sight!

There is, too, another feature in the case. It seems that a new family by the name of Gaylord have come to town and opened up the old Gaylord mansion. Gaylord is a son of old Peter Gaylord, and is a millionaire. They are making quite a splash in the way of balls and liveried servants and motor cars, and the town is agog with it all. There are young people in the family, and especially there is a girl, Miss Pearl, whom, report says, the Pennocks have selected as being a suitable mate for Carl. At all events the Pennock and the Gaylords have struck up a furious friendship, and the young people of both families are in the forefront of innumerable social affairs—in most of which Mellicent is left out.

So now you have it—the whole story. And next month comes to Mellicent's father one hundred thousand dollars. Do you wonder I say the plot thickens?

As for myself—you should see me! I eat whatever I like, and when I get knocked down—and I've got the strength to do it, too! I can walk miles and not know it. I've gained twenty pounds, and I'm having the time of my life. I'm even enjoying being a genealogist—a little. I've about exhausted the resources of Hillerton, and have begun to make trips to the neighboring towns. I can even spend an afternoon in an old cemetery copying dates from moss-grown gravestones, and not entirely lose my appetite for dinner and supper. I was even congratulating myself that I was really quite a genealogist when, the other day, I met the real thing. Heavens! Not that man had fourteen thousand four hundred and seventy-two dates at his father's end, and he said them all over to me. He knows the name of every Blake (he was a Blake) back to the year one, how many children they had (and the names of some families, then, let me tell you), and when they all died, and why. I met him one morning in a cemetery. I was hunting for a certain stone, and I asked him a question. Heavens! It was like setting a match to one of those Fourth-of-July flower-pot sky-rocket affairs. That question was the match that set him going, and thereafter he was a quivering geyser of names and dates. I never heard anything like it.

He began at the Blaisdells, but skipped almost at once to the Blakes—there were a lot of them near us. In five minutes he had me dumb from sheer stupefaction. In ten minutes he had made a century run, and by noon he had got to the Crusades. We went through the Dark Ages very appropriately, waiting in an open tomb for a thunderstorm to pass. We had got to the year one when I had to leave to drive back to Hillerton. I've invited him to come to see Father

Duff. I thought I'd like to have them meet. He knows a lot about the Duffs—a Blake married one, "way back somewhere, I'd like to hear him and Father Duff talk—or, rather, I'd Duff. Did I ever write you Father Duff's opinion of genealogists? I believe I did.

I'm not seeing so much of Father Duff these days. Now that it's grown a little cooler he spends most of his time in his favorite chair before the cookstove in the kitchen. Love, what a letter this is! It should be shipped by freight and read in sections. But I wanted you to know how things are here. You can appreciate it the more—when you

You're not forgetting, of course, that it's on the first day of November that Mr. Stanley G. Fulton's envelope of instructions is to be opened. As ever yours,  
John Smith.

### CHAPTER IX.

"Dear Cousin Stanley."

It was very early in November that Mr. Smith, coming home one afternoon, became instantly aware that something very extraordinary had happened.

In the living-room were gathered Mr. Frank Blaisdell, his wife, Jane, and their daughter, Mellicent. Mellicent's cheeks were pink, and her eyes more starlike than ever. Mrs. Jane's cheeks, too, were pink. Her eyes were excited, but incredulous. Mr. Frank was still in his white work-coat, which he wore behind the counter, but which he never wore up stairs in his home. He held an open letter in his hand.

"It's a terrible cry from Mellicent that came first to Mr. Smith's ears. 'Oh, Mr. Smith, Mr. Smith, you can't guess what's happened! You couldn't guess in a million years!'

"No, something nice, I hope," Mr. Smith said, smiling almost as happily excited as Mellicent herself. "Nice—nice!" Mellicent clasped her hands before her. "Why, Mr. Smith, we are going to have a hundred thousand—"

"Mellicent, I wouldn't talk of it," interjected her mother sharply. "But, mother, it's no secret. It can't be kept secret!" "Of course not—if it's true. But it isn't true," retorted the woman, with excited emphasis. "No man in his senses would do such a thing."

"Er—ah—er—what?" stammered Mr. Smith, looking suddenly a little less happy.

"Leave a hundred thousand dollars apiece to three distant relations he never saw."

"But he was our cousin—you said he was our cousin," interposed Mellicent, and when she died—

"The letter did not say he had died," corrected her mother. "He just isn't been heard from. But he will be heard from—and then where will our hundred thousand dollars be?"

"But the lawyer's coming to give it to us," maintained Mr. Frank stoutly. Then abruptly he turned to Mr. Smith. "Here, read this, please, and tell us if we have lost our senses—or if somebody else has."

Mr. Smith took the letter. A close observer might have noted that his hand shook a little. The letter-head carried the name of a Chicago law firm, but Mr. Smith did not glance at that. He plunged at once into the text of the letter.

"Aloud, please, Mr. Smith. I want to hear it again," pleaded Mellicent. Dear Sir (read Mr. Smith then, after clearing his throat)—I understand that you are a distant kinsman of Mr. Stanley G. Fulton, the Chicago millionaire.

Some six months ago Mr. Fulton left this city on what was reported to be a somewhat extended exploring tour of South America. Before his departure he transferred to me, as trustee, certain securities worth about \$300,000. He left with me a sealed envelope, entitled 'Terms of Trust,' and instructed me to open such envelope in six months from the date written thereon—if he had not returned—and thereupon to dispose of the securities according to the terms of the trust. I will add that he also left with me a second sealed envelope entitled 'Last Will and Testament,' but instructed me not to open such envelope until two years from the date written thereon.

The period of six months has now expired. I have opened the envelope entitled, 'Terms of Trust,' and find that I am directed to convert the securities into cash with all convenient speed, and forthwith to pay over one-third of the net proceeds to his kinsman, Frank C. Blaisdell; one-third to his kinsman, James A. Blaisdell; and one-third to his kinswoman, Flora B. Blaisdell, all of Hillerton.

I shall, of course, discharge my duty as trustee under this instrument with all possible promptness. Some of the securities had already been converted into cash, and within a few days I shall come to Hillerton to pay over the cash in the form of certified checks; and I shall ask you at that time to be so good as to sign a receipt for your share. Meanwhile this letter is to appear in your good fortune and to offer you my congratulations.

Very truly yours,  
Edward D. Norton.  
"Oh-h!" breathed Mellicent.

"Well, what do you think of it?" demanded Mr. Frank Blaisdell, his arms akimbo. "Why, it's fine, of course. I congratulate you," cried Mr. Smith, handing back the letter.

"Then it's all straight, you think?"

"Most assuredly!"

"Je-ho-shua-plai!" exploded the man. "But he'll come back—you see if he don't!" Mrs. Jane's voice was still positive.

"What if he does? You'll still have your hundred thousand," smiled Mr. Smith.

"He won't take it back!"

"Of course not! I doubt if he could, if he wanted to."

"And we're really going to have a whole hundred thousand dollars!" breathed Mellicent.

"What's that? What do you mean?" demanded Mrs. Jane. "Do you mean like to hear him try to talk to Father Duff?"

"Why, y-yes, I suppose so. Isn't there an inheritance tax in this State?"

"How much does it cost?" Mrs. Jane's lips were at their most economical nicker.

"And I guess we can pay a great deal. Isn't there any way to save doing this?"

"No, there isn't," put in her husband crisply. "And I guess we can pay the inheritance tax—with a hundred thousand to pay it out of. We're going to spend some of this money, Jane."

The telephone bell in the hall jangled its peremptory summons, and Mr. Frank answered it. In a minute he returned, a new excitement on his face.

"It's Hattie. She's crazy, of course. They're coming right over."

"Oh, yes! And they've got it, too, haven't they?" remembered Mellicent.

"And Aunt Flora, too!" She stopped suddenly, a growing dismay in her eyes. "Why, he didn't—he didn't leave a cent to Aunt Maggie!" she cried.

"Gosh! that's so. Say, now, that's too bad!" There was genuine concern in Frank Blaisdell's voice.

"But why?" almost wailed Mellicent. Her mother sighed sympathetically.

"Poor Maggie! How she is left out—alone!"

"But we can give her some of ours, mother—we can give her some of ours," urged the girl.

"It isn't ours to give—yet," remarked her mother, a bit coldly.

"But, mother, you will do it," importuned Mellicent. "You've always said you would, if you had to give."

"And I say it again, Mellicent. I shall never see her suffer, you may be sure—I have the money to relieve her. But—" She stopped abruptly at the sound of an excited voice from the hall.

"Miss Hattie, evidently, comes in through the kitchen, was hurrying toward them.

"Jane—Mellicent—where are you? Isn't anybody here?" Mercy, who she panted, as she reached the room and sank into a chair. "Did you ever hear anything like it, Mr. Smith? You and one, too, didn't you?" she cried, her eyes falling on the letter in her brother's hand. "But 'it isn't true of course!'"

"Miss Flora wore no head-covering. She wore one glove (wrong side out), and was carrying the other one. Her

Smith, evidently dazed, hastened for the street, was unevenly fastened, showing the topmost button without a buttonhole.

"Mr. Smith says it's true," triumphed Mellicent.

"How does he know? Who told him was true?" demanded Miss Flora.

So almost accusing was the look in her eyes that Mr. Smith actually blinched a little. He grew visibly confused.

(To be continued)

## Took Swim in Mid-Ocean

Crew of Neith Took Dip Thousand Miles From Land.

The little Neith, the cutter officially rated at 21.7 tons, which Sir Harry Houghton, assisted by an amateur crew of three friends, Messrs. Bell, de Wolfe and Willard, sailed from Halifax, Nova Scotia, last at her berth at Burnham-on-Crouch, Essex, with no scars to show for her buffeting by Atlantic rollers.

"The most remarkable incident of the trip," Mr. de Wolfe said to a London Daily Mail reporter, "was probably our dip. On the fifth day out from Newfoundland the Neith was holed and we all had a swim in mid-Atlantic, a thousand miles from land."

"It was then, looking down on her from the crest of a 20-foot wave, that I realized for the first time what a tiny craft she is."

"Once we ran into a 50-miles-an-hour gale, but the Neith made nothing of riding through that. That night, when the seas were pounding on the foredeck, I went forward to see what sort of weather Sambo (the negro cook) was making."

"I found him on his knees, with everything loose in his gallery rattling around him and towels tied round his ears to drown the noise. 'Laws!', he prayed, 'if Yo's a'wine to take me, take me quick!'"

South Sea Islanders Like Golf. Some South Sea Islanders on their first trip to the U.S. saw a few games of golf, and now several outfits of golf paraphernalia are on their way to the South Seas.

In England, to secure great safety on the highways, patrols are stationed at dangerous crossings to warn motorists, and at bad stretches of road.

Very truly yours,  
Edward D. Norton.  
"Oh-h!" breathed Mellicent.

## Foch Warns Against Germany

Tells Veterans France Cannot Yet Sleep Soundly.

Marshal Foch in a recent speech to the Veterans at Meriaux, said:

"Always beside us are the vanquished who are not yet dead. I ask you not to let them out of your sight. Be assured that they are always alive and have not abandoned their idea of revenge."

"They will only respect us as long as we are strong. I ask you to absorb the idea that France is unable to sleep soundly without risking a terrible awakening."

## Tank Is British Invention

Was One of Most Important in History of War.

The tank is a British invention.

In the Allied armies," says the Daily Mail (London Year Book for 1919), the British invention of the tank has been recognized in 1916 as one of the most important of the whole history of war, and tanks of various patterns were built and adopted by the French and American armies, as well as by the British. A special Tank Corps for the use of tanks was formed in the British army, and a system of tactics worked out. The forms of tanks were used—a large, heavy type, and a much smaller and lighter pattern which could move faster and outrun any infantry and, indeed, most cavalry where the conditions were reasonably favorable. The tank of the large class was similar to the battle-ship in naval war; the tank of the smaller class resembled the destroyer.

Great economy of infantry could be effected, and thousands of valuable lives saved." Lieut.-Col. J. E. C. Fuller, who was Chief General Staff Officer of the British Tank Corps from 1916 to August, 1918, and is the greatest authority on tanks, has published a work on "Tanks in the Great War" (1920).

## A British Heligoland.

The Heligoland, it is said, are agitating for self-determination, and wish, once again, to become British subjects. Why should they not? The island was never of use to Germany except as a naval station; and Germany now has no navy. As for the islanders, few of them are of German race; and they recollect that under the British administration, life was easy, taxes were low and a single policeman sufficed to keep order among them.—London Sunday Pictorial.

## A Witty Chauffeur.

The chauffeur never spoke except when addressed, but his few utterances, given in a broad brogue, were full of wit.

One of the men in the party remarked: "You're a bright sort of a fellow, and it's easy to see that your people came from Ireland."

"No, sir; ye are very badly mistaken," replied Pat.

"What!" said the man. "Didn't they come from Ireland?"

"No, sir," replied Pat, "they're there yet."

It pays to patronize home industry. Buy from the merchants in your own town.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

## What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

## In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

## The Seven Seas

Separate Continent Surrounds Bach According to Hindu Mythology.

The "Seven Seas" exist in Hindu mythology, according to the Jurnas the earth is circular and flat, like the flower of a water lily. Its circumference is 4 billion miles. In the centre is Mount Sumeroo. On this mountain are three peaks formed of gold, pearls and precious stones, where the deities reside. At its base are three mountains, on each of which grows a tree 8,800 miles high. The country furthest from these mountains is bounded by the salt sea. Beyond this sea there are six others—of sugar cane juice, of spirituous liquors, of clarified butter, or curds, of milk and nectar. Each sea is surrounded by a separate continent.

The family of Tickler had fame thrust upon it during the great war. Some of the men who were out in France in 1914-15 will recall the great shortage of hand grenades, which led to Tickler's jam tin, when empty, being converted into improvised bombs by filling them with an explosive and nails, screws, nuts and any scrap metals. Hence the men using these jam-pot bombs were known as and called themselves "Tickler's Artillery."

The two extremes in human hair are that of the negro, flat in section and curly, and that of the Mongolian, which is round and straight.

## ASPIRIN

"Bayer" only is Genuine

Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and, for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monaciacetic-acidester of Salicylicacid.

## A Dark Voyage.

Salesman—Nice weather for traveling.

Station Agent—Yes, but I'm afraid to travel any more, I became engaged once while going through a tunnel.

## Use MURINE FOR EYES

Sun Wind Dust Cinders  
RECOMMENDED BY DRUGGISTS AND OPTICIANS  
WRITE FOR FREE EYE BOOK, MURINE CO. CHICAGO

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS  
ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
BRIGGS' DISCLOSURE  
1907 THE PROGRESSIVE

"It wears longer"

# STANFIELD'S

## Unshrinkable UNDERWEAR

"Stands Strenuous Wear"

MEN who work outdoors need the comfortable warmth of

## STANFIELD'S

"Red Label" Underwear

It is made of the best wool—and is cut to fit perfectly, giving ease and freedom with the warmth needed to protect against bitter cold.

We make underwear in heavy weights for men, women and children.

Write for free sample book.

## STANFIELD'S LIMITED

Truro, N.S.



## Creeps Into The System Just Like a Serpent

Like a thief in the night, it steals through the system—that's how Catarrh acts. Don't trifle with such a scourge. Time and experience have proved that Catarrh is a wonderful remedy for all Catarrh and bronchial troubles. You don't take any drugs, you just inhale the sweet soothing vapor of Catarrh which is laden with balsamic essences that heal, relieve and ease the sufferer. To strengthen the throat, to sweeten the breath, to stop nasty discharges, to drive out Catarrh, colds and weakness in the throat, use Catarrh. Two months treatment one dollar, smaller size 50c, all dealers or the Catarrh Co., Montreal.

## World Happenings Briefly Told

The Soviet Government has declared a state of war in Bessarabia, in the Romanian frontier zone.

The discovery of a vast revolutionary movement at Constantinople is announced by the British authorities here.

Irish has been declared the official language of the Irish republican parliament, Pierce Beasley, a prominent Republican has declared.

The keel has been laid of a 32,000-ton vessel ordered by the Holland-American line. It is the largest laid since the war in the United Kingdom.

Four persons were killed and several injured in Brussels when the central nave of a church gave way during early mass while a hurricane was raging.

Fourteen hundred head of sheep were burned to death when lightning struck a large stock barn on a farm near Munich, Ills. Another 1,600 were saved.

A ten-year-old immigrant lad from Russia who got 100 per cent. grading in a New York school faces deportation as an imbecile under a U.S. legal technicality.

A party of nearly 200 unemployed ex-servicemen have left London for France to work in the devastated areas. They were all overjoyed at the prospect of at least securing employment.

A Reuter despatch from Geneva says now that the signs of the various committees of the League of Nations have been thrown open to the public, more attention is being paid to the proceedings.

The arrest of 40 extreme Socialists, mostly Japanese, but some of them Koreans, is featured by the Tokio newspapers, which allege the arrests were connected with a serious sedition plot.

A Constantinople message to the London Times says it is believed the Greeks had 18,000 men put out of action during their recent drive toward Angora. The Turkish Nationalists' losses are placed at 12,000.

Edmonton's first carload of grain went eastward one week earlier than in 1920. It was a car of barley, shipped by W. Ross and Company. The grain was purchased from R. W. Gerson, North Edmonton, and appeared to be of splendid quality.

Reuter's Cape Town correspondent cables that Dr. Goodnow, professor of geology and zoology, at Stellenbosch University, South Africa, was officially nominated to fill the vacancy on the staff of Sir Ernest Shackleton's Quest expedition to the Antarctic. Sir Ernest's staff numbers eighteen and includes at least one representative from each of the self-governing dominions.

## MOTHERS!

**WATCH YOUR  
TEETHING BABIES**  
THOUSANDS OF THEM DIE  
EVERY SUMMER

When the baby starts to cut its teeth, then is the time the poor mother is under the stress of great anxiety. The child's bowels become loose, and diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps and many other bowel complaints manifest themselves; the gums become swollen, cankers form in the mouth, and in many cases the child wastes to a shadow, and very often the termination is fatal.

On the first indication of any looseness of the bowels, give a few doses of **DR. FOWLER'S  
EXTRACT OF  
WILD STRAWBERRY**

and thus, perhaps, save your baby's life.

For the past 76 years "Dr. Fowler's" has been used by mothers for teething babies so you don't experiment with a new and untried remedy which might be dangerous to your darling's health.

Price, 50c a bottle; put up by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## Discover Herod's Birthplace

Great Cloisters at Ascalon Have Been Identified.

Much valuable research work is being done in Palestine under the Antiquities Ordinance.

At Ascalon the great cloisters with which Herod adorned his birthplace, have been identified and excavated, and the exploration of Tiberias and the area in the vicinity of the synagogue of Capernaum has had equally interesting results. At the latter site a hexagonal court, with mosaic pavement and ambulatory, has been uncovered.

Steps are now being taken to preserve and protect the Crusader's Tower at Ramleh, the ancient church of Jifna at Ramallah, the Crusader's Fortress at Athlit, and other monuments, in addition to the upkeep of the citadel and walls of Jerusalem.

## WIND ON THE STOMACH QUICKLY RELIEVED

It is a good thing to know just what to do when gas troubles you. One sufferer related the following experience: "A few months ago I ate some green vegetables and some fruit that was not quite ripe. It brought on indigestion, flatulency, nausea and cramps. I belched gas continually. A neighbor urged me to use 'Nervine.' I took it in hot sweetened water, and got quick relief. I will never again be without this valuable remedy." Nervine is a household necessity, large 35c bottle sold everywhere.

## Started Forest Fire

Robert Louis Stevenson Would Have Been Lynched If Caught.

In connection with American forest fires it may be recalled that one of England's most distinguished men of letters once was guilty of having fired a forest in California, and had been identified with the accident—which inhabitants of the locality would have construed instantly as a crime—he would have suffered the capital penalty under the law.

Robert Louis Stevenson, in his "Old Pacific Captain," admits the folly that induced him to satisfy his curiosity as to the inflammable nature of the moss that ornaments the pine trees in the woods above Monterey by applying a match to the trunk of the tree, instead of detaching a portion of the moss and experimenting in safety.

As it was, the tree went off like a rocket. "In three seconds it was a roaring pillar of fire. Men were at work nearby, by combing another tree, and had any one observed Stevenson's experiment his neck would not have been 'worth a pinch of snuff.' At night he was able to discern his 'own particular fire' quite distinct from the other, and burning 'with even greater vigor.'"

## To Produce Dyes

A joint stock company will be formed in Winnipeg in the near future by a combination of \$2,000,000 and a plant valued at more than \$250,000 will be erected in St. Boniface, for the production of dyes, according to T. H. Brooks, inventor of a new method of extracting aniline dyes from coal tar.

**For Scalds and Burns.**—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds. A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee.

## The Milk Maid.

A young man went on one occasion to call at a country farm house to make inquiries about a sweetheart, who had charge of the dairy. Her master opened the door, and her lover asked him timidly:

"How is the milkmaid?"

But the farmer angrily replied, as he slammed the door on the stranger's face: "Our milk isn't made; it's got from the cow."

## A Gift of the Gods.

Forgetfulness is the greatest gift of the gods to men. Few of us would have hope and courage enough to face the future if we were not able to forget at times what we had made of ourselves in the past.—Don Marquis in New York Sun.

Norwegian scientists claim Greenland is moving slowly westward at the rate of about 10 yards a year.

At heights above 23,000 feet above sea level, mountaineers say that sleep would be difficult, if not impossible.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

## Three Hundred Great Years

Undreamed of Advancement Since British Empire Was Founded.

A period of three hundred years—a span which is short enough in the history of any age in which we are not directly concerned—is all that separates us from the beginning of the colonial policy upon which the mighty British Empire was founded, but these three centuries have seen new worlds discovered, new nations arise and an advancement in civilization beyond the dreams of those who lived at their beginning. The impressive ceremonies at Annapolis Royal possess far greater interest and significance than would attach to a merely local observance, for they celebrated events which have had no small part in moulding the history of this continent, and their effects have been felt over an even greater part of the surface of the globe.—The St. John Telegraph.

## Postal Rates Advance

Will Be Four Cents to Other Parts of Empire.

An advance of one cent per ounce is announced in the letter postage rate between Canada and other parts of the Empire. The former rate was two cents per ounce with an added one cent as war tax. The new rate will be three cents an ounce, with one cent war tax additional.

The postage rate to foreign countries has been increased from five cents for the first ounce and five cents for each succeeding ounce to five cents for the first ounce and five cents for each additional ounce or fraction thereof.

## A POPULAR TONIC

One That Enriches the Blood and Strengthens the Nerves.

Proper food, fresh air and a good tonic will keep most people in good health. Hurried meals, indoor confinement in badly ventilated rooms and lack of exercise cause anaemia. In this condition Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a popular tonic. They contain no habit forming drugs, and always have a beneficial effect through enriching the blood and strengthening the nerves. For growing girls who become thin and pale, for pale, tired women and for old people who lose strength, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an ideal tonic. Their benefit in anaemic conditions is shown by the case of Miss Lucy A. Stevens, Hillsboro, N.S., who says: "Last spring I was in very poor health, and completely run down. I had severe headaches, the least exertion would cause my heart to palpitate violently, my appetite was poor, and at times I had fainting spells. This went on for some months, and although I was taking medicine, I seemed to be growing weaker, and the least exertion would leave me worn out. Then on the advice of a friend, I obtained the treatment to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I have great cause to be thankful that I did so, as they have made a wonderful improvement in my condition. I can now work without fatigue, go upstairs without becoming breathless, and have gained weight. I think these pills are an ideal medicine in cases like mine."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for 2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**An Eccentric Piano in London.**

The orchestra of freak instruments which plays on the Italian Rook Garden of the Criterion Restaurant, London, has been reinforced by a wildly eccentric piano, which is twelve feet long, and has to be played with hammers. This is the closest description which one can give of the Marimba, the modern successor of the barbaric gourd piano of the native races of Peru and Chile. Its keyboard is constructed of a series of rosewood meal reconstructors. The player smites these with his hammer as vigorously as though he were breaking stones, and they yield notes deep and sonorous as those of a cathedral organ. The specimen on the Criterion Rook Garden is the only one in England.

Teacher.—Why, Tommy! How can you come to school when your little brother has scurvy feet?

Little Tommy.—Well, Miss Brown, he's only my half-brother.

## Constipation Is Relieved

Prompt—Permanent—Relief  
**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** rarely fail. Fully reliable—act surely but gently on the liver. Relieve after dinner distress—relieve indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

## CUTICURA HEALS INTENSE ITCHING

Burning On Hands. Could Not Put Them In Water. Lost Sleep.

"My hands were very sore and I could not put them in water to wash them. There were some pimples on my hands, and the itching and burning were so intense that I scratched and irritated them, and I could not sleep at night."

"The trouble lasted two weeks before I tried Cuticura. When I had two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment for about two weeks I was 'healed.' (Signed) Reginald Daigle, R. P. D. 2, Fort Kent, Maine."

Use Cuticura for every-day toilet purposes. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dress with Talcum.

Sale 25c. Gumbo 25c. and 50c. Sold everywhere. The Cuticura Soap and Ointment Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A. Cuticura Soap shears without using.

## Prince Wants To Go Boar Hunting

King George Opposes Plan On Account of Danger.

England's future King is just at present engaged in a controversy with his parents and also with the members of the government as to whether or not he is to be allowed to take part while in India in the contest for the Kadik Cup. This is the principal annual sporting event of King George's vast Oriental empire and may be described as the blue print of the pigsticking world. Pigsticking is the favorite sport of Europeans in India and excites a keener degree of interest than any other. The Indian wild boar is no mean opponent and his pursuit on horseback is fraught with considerable danger unless the huntsman's heart is in the right place and his hand and eye quick and true.

The Indian boar stands anywhere from 36 to 44 inches at its shoulders and has a charging weight of approximately 300 pounds. He is adorned with a pair of long, razor-like tusks with which he can disembowel a man or a horse in the twinkling of an eye. He can gallop clear away from a horse for about half a mile. After that distance he begins to tire. He will then show fight and will charge headlong at the nearest horseman. It is the receiving of this savage charge accurately on the spear point that is the acme of the boar hunter's skill. If he misses the boar will certainly damage the horse and probably send the latter well as the rider sprawling. A good boar is the bravest animal afoot and likewise the most relentless.

**Fruits That Ripen Slowly.**

Human beings are like plants. It is not always the tree which grows and fruits the quickest that gives the best top in the end. The brilliant boy does not always fulfil the expectations of his friends, while the boy who was supposed to be dull occasionally surprises everybody in after life because his mind was of the sort which takes a long time to mature.

**Really Reliable Asthma Remedy.**

All sufferers from chronic Asthma should try Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, no matter how many others have failed to give relief. It is a common thing for Dr. J. D. Kellogg's to succeed where others fail, as is testified by many thousands who have found this out for themselves. Why continue to endure days and nights of unpeppable agony when a remedy of such high standing has not yet been tried?

**Tactfulness.**

A speaker who thought very favorably of his own tactfulness was asked to deliver an address, and started as follows:

"My friends, I shall not call you ladies and gentlemen; I know you too well."—Exchange.

**Paper Yarn.**

Paper yarn is being manufactured in Spain. The material for the yarn being derived from Eucalyptus wood. The yarn is strong and adapted to the manufacture of sack cloth and imitation hurlap.

The total amount of money spent on sports in the British Isles each year is so large that if it were converted into gold, it would require a train a mile long to transport it.

**Far From the End.**

"What's that grass widow's last name?"

"Nobody knows. She hasn't come to it yet."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Canada, Russia and Siberia have the three greatest belts of virgin timber still left in the world.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

W. N. U. 1386

## A Becoming Frock For The Dark-Eyed Girl



By Marie Belmont.

This lovely frock is made of a fine quality of burnt orange voile. The bodice is designed with a wide spread fichu which is prettily draped about the shoulders. This is edged with erin lace. The small puffed sleeves are trimmed in like manner. The skirt shows a continuation of the fichu effect, for it is designed with an irregular overfold. This is caught up at the side with a spray of black-eyed susans. The underskirt is also adorned with the erin lace. A belt of dark brown velvet ribbon defines the waistline and clustered at one side of the frock is another spray of the black-centred flowers.

A pleasant medicine for children is Mother Graves' Worm-Exterminator, and it is excellent for driving worms from the system.

## May Return To Monarchy

Ludendorff Certain German People In Favor of Change.

That Germany will return to a monarchy and will return to that through the free will of the German people, was the prediction made at Munich recently by Field Marshal Von Ludendorff, when asked for his views on the present conflict between the North and Bavaria, while the great military strategist, though a Prussian, has made his home.



"Not today, nor tomorrow, nor the day after, and not by force, but by free will of the people," declared Ludendorff. Discussing the sudden alarm of the Berlin Government over what he called the growth of monarchist sentiment in Germany, Ludendorff insisted that the present struggle was not one between Republicanism and Monarchism, as the Berlin Government would have its own people and the world believe, but a struggle between "a Socialistic Republic, which is not democratic, and a monarchy that would be democratic."

## Primitive Street Sprinkler.

The street sprinkler of Siam is a man who carries two large buckets of water swung across his shoulders with the water streaming out ahead of him as he walks.

# CLARK'S

## Kitchen at your Service again this Summer

### CLARK'S Tomato Soup is such a treat -

Fine ripe tomatoes fresh from the fields give it their delicious flavour, and all you have to do is to heat and serve.

CLARK SOUPS are made in 13 different sorts, and include chicken.

Like all "Clark Good Things" the price is moderate.

Made from Canadian Farm Produce and sold everywhere in Canada.

## ROYAL YEAST CAKES MAKE PERFECT BREAD

For many years physicians have prescribed yeast for the correction of certain physical disarrangements, such as boils, constipation, pimples and intestinal troubles.

Royal Yeast Cakes are rich in vitamins and serve to tone up the blood. Royal Yeast Cakes are on sale in practically every grocery store. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."

E. W. GILLETTE COMPANY LIMITED  
TORONTO, CANADA  
MADE IN CANADA

## Distinction For Canada

To Canada belongs the honor of being the first to generate water power for high-tension transmission in the British Empire, a small power of 1200 h.p., having been developed on the Batiscan River and transmitted at 1100 volts to Three Rivers, Quebec.

Corn causes much suffering, but Holloways Corn Remover offers a speedy, sure and satisfactory relief.

**Born That Way.**

She.—Has your friend long been bald? He looks so young! He (pathetically).—He was born so. She (much moved).—The poor thing!

**So Naturally.**

"Waiter, this coffee is nothing but mud." "Yes, sir; it is ground this morning."

## If You Suffer Take

a course of the famous Beecham's Pills. Prompt relief often follows the first dose. People everywhere are proving the value of

**BEECHAM'S  
PILLS** In boxes, 25c, 50c. Sold everywhere in Canada. Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World

**MONEY ORDERS**

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

**BOOK ON  
DOG DISEASES**  
and How to Feed  
Males, Females and  
Address by the  
Author  
**H. CLAY GLOVER**  
CO., INC.  
118 West 31st Street,  
New York, U.S.A.

**Cook's Cotton Root Compound**

A new relief remedy for all ailments. Sold in boxes of 10c, 25c, 50c, 1.00. Prepared on receipt of postal note. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Weston).

## Public Notice

M.D. of Coliholme No 243  
Tax Recovery Act

Take Notice that certain lands have been sold by the Municipal District of Coliholme, No. 243, on account of non-payment of taxes and the year allowed for redemption will expire on December 11th, 1921. A list of such lands can be seen in the Alberta Gazette of September 30th, 1921.

If you wish to contest the legality of the sale of such lands you should immediately make application to the judge of the District Court of the Judicial District within which the land is situated for an order staying the issue of a certificate of title to the purchaser of such lands.

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 15 day of September, 1921.  
Lorne Proudfoot,  
Sec.-Treas.

## Board Increase Hail Insurance Rate

Following the meeting of the directors of the Hail Insurance Board of Alberta on Friday morning, it was announced that the premium rate for this year in the municipal hail insurance scheme was fixed at 10 per cent. The rate in 1919 and 1920 was six per cent. This makes an average of 7 1/3 per cent. for the three years. When it is remembered that this rate is not payable until December 15, without interest, it is considered very satisfactory indeed. The rate set will, by using a part of the surplus, be sufficient to provide for the payment of all losses in full, all expenses of administration to the end of the year, and leave a surplus of about \$200,000 to be carried forward for next year.

Taking into consideration the fact that 1921 was, generally speaking, a bad crop year in Alberta, and also that it was a year of exceptional losses by hail, the directors of the municipal hail insurance plan feel that the showing made by the record on the past season's business is very satisfactory.

## Total Acreage Insured

The total acreage assured at the beginning of the season was 2,266,321 acres. On account of bad crop conditions the insurance on 212,366 acres was cancelled previous to July 31, thus leaving a net total of 2,053,955 acres on which insurance was carried throughout the season. Of this total, about 80 per cent, was insured at \$10 an acre, the balance being about equally divided between \$6.00 and \$8.00 per acre. The total risk carried for the year was a little over \$20,000,000. In 1920 the total risk carried was not quite \$22,000,000.

## 5,000 Claims Handled

The total number of claims handled by the board during the year was well over 5,000. The total acreage damaged by hail was about 625,000 acres, or more than 30 per cent, of the acreage insured.

## Catholic Ladies Auxiliary

The members of the Auxiliary motored out to the home of Mrs. Somers Wednesday, Sept. 14th, where a pleasant afternoon was spent.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the Sec'y., Mrs. Hinds, after which, plans for a home cooking sale and tea, and a sale of fancy work, will take place sometime this fall.

The ladies will commence work on a lovely quilt shortly, which will be sold at a sale by the drawing method.

The meeting next month, Oct. 12, will be at the home of Mrs. Marris.

## Ladies Card Club

The card club is being continued again, since the two months' holidays. The first meeting was held Tuesday, Sept. 13, at the home of Mrs. S. H. Smith. Mrs. Chapman was the lucky member of that evening, having a score of 146. The prize was a pair of hemstitched linen huck towels.

The second meeting of the club on Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Chapman found Mrs. I. W. Deman with the highest score of 143 points, the prize being a fancy teapot. The next meeting will take place at the home of Mrs. McKenzie on Tuesday evening, Sept. 27.

The Club will close Oct. 18th.

At a meeting of the Board of the Chinook Consolidated School held last Saturday the Trustees were gratified to find that there were quite a number of applications received to drive the school vans for a month or two during the fall and winter months, the payment of same to be applied on their taxes.

Next Sunday evening at the church the service will be of a nature meant especially to interest the Sunday School and young people. About thirty lantern slides telling the story of "The Tale of Two Cities" (Dickens) this illustrated story, together with special music, will be the feature of the service.

The average loss was about 33 per cent, and the average award was a little over \$100. The percentage of total losses within the year was considerably greater than usual.

## CLOVER LEAF NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. R. Vanhook spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Berry.

Harvesting is about finished in this district, and the hum of the threshing machines can be heard.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Fergusson and family were guests at the home of Mr. J. C. Hess on Sunday.

There is quite an acreage of fall rye being put in by the farmers of Clover Leaf and Coliholme. With the recent rains the ground is in fine condition for seeding.

There will be a harvest home service here next Sunday, Sept. 25, at 11 a.m. This will be Rev. Cumming last service in this district, as he leaves shortly for Toronto where he will attend college. During the short time Mr. Cumming has been in this district, he has endeared himself to all in the community and it is with regret that this will be his last service in the district. At the close of the service dinner will be served in the schoolhouse. Everybody turn out.

The Sunday school, with Mr. McKinnon as Superintendent, is growing and will carry on until the weather gets too cold to go.

## South Country News

Harvest Thanksgiving service will be held on the Big Stone circuit on Sunday, Sept. 25th, at Clover Leaf 11 a.m., Canoda 3 and Mapleine 7.30 p.m.

Harold Sibbald, of Calgary, is visiting with his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Hassett, of Blood Indian.

Chinook School Fair Postponed  
Till Friday, Sept. 30

The Chinook and District School Fair which was to be held next Friday, has been postponed till Friday, Sept. 30.

Call at the Service Garage and see the Graphite Penetrating Oil. Just the thing for your car or machine.

FOR SALE—My 4 roomed house, a Ford car and power washing machine. W. E. Brownell.

## CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$1 09
" No. 2	1 06
" No. 3	1 01
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	28
Oats, feed	25
Barley	42
Flax	1 60
Rye	86
Live Hogs (Calgary)	00 00
Eggs	30
Butter	50

You Buy Your Auto Tire  
on a Mileage Basis--

Why not buy your Clothes  
on a Cost Per Day basis?

Did you ever consider your clothes on a cost per day basis. It's not difficult to obtain a good style. Many people have an attractive range of woollens--but not everybody can build into a garment the skilled tailoring which make ART CLOTHES, tailored to your measure, give you that extra "mileage"--extra long wear--low cost per day.

ART CLOTHES are guaranteed too. We will be glad to show you our fall samples. Prices are much lower than last season.

## Winter Goods

Do not send away for your winter goods without seeing us. Next week special prices will be quoted on Underwear, Fur Coats, Mackinaws, Felt Boots, Overshoes, Mitts, Socks, etc. It will pay you to get your Winter's Outfit at--

**J. R. MILLER'S**

Letter Heads

Envelopes

And all kinds of

Job Printing

Leave Us Your Order.

Our Prices are Reasonable.

Chinook Advance

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Genuine Ford Repairs

And  
Dominion Tires

At  
The Service Garage  
Chinook, Alberta

Provincial School of Agriculture  
At Youngstown

OFFERS FREE COURSE IN:

Cooking, Sewing, Laundry, Home Nursing, Household Management, Sanitation, Horticulture, English and Mathematics; Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Mechanics, Veterinary Science, Dairying, Poultry, Farm Management and Economics.

Courses extend over two sessions of five months each commencing October 27th. Open to boys and girls who have reached the age of sixteen years. Dormitory accommodation for girl students.

For Further Particulars Apply to R. M. SCOTT, PRINCIPAL

Hon. George Hoadley,  
Minister of Agriculture.

H. A. Craig,  
Deputy Minister